

Communicating Research Findings to Policymakers

Increasing the Chances of Success

Satellite Session:
Strengthening
Research on
Policy
Implementation
and Why it
Matters to Health
Outcomes





Effective Communication Maximizing the Impact of Research on Policies

- Conduct problem-oriented and policy relevant research
- Engage policymakers in priority setting and research
- Know Your Audience: who has the power to take action
- Focus the Message: concise and actionable
- Choose the Appropriate Level of Communication: delivering the message and triggering the action



Communicating with Policymakers

Policy Research

- Provides solid and timely empirical data
- Identifies trends
- Anticipates potential challenges
- Improves measurement capabilities
- Evaluates policy effectiveness

Policy Communication

- Simplify, translate, and communicate effectively
- Keep it short and to the point
- Use colors and visuals in materials
- Create trust and credibility
 - Be honest about underlying assumptions
 - Use sensitivity analyses to show a range of potential strategies and outcomes
 - Make sure that data source is credible
- Transfer knowledge: two-way communication

Appropriate Communication Methods

- Concise evidence-based briefs that respond to policymakers' data needs
- Engaging visuals that are easy to understand and allow data to have impact
- Videos and personal stories and testimonials that inspire action



Moving Policy to Action



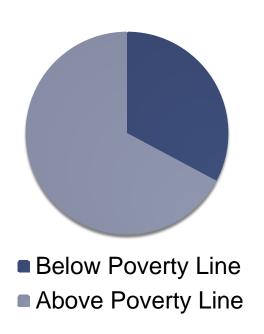
Problem Identification

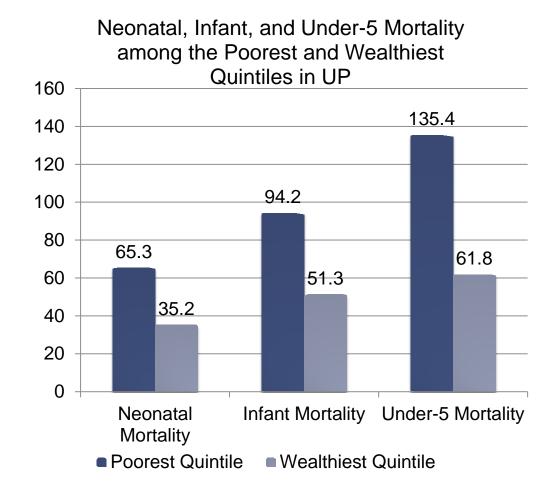
- Require policy attention
- Understand issues and goals
 - Gravity: size, trend, consequences
 - Distribution: geographic, rural/urban, Socio-Economic Status
- Importance and urgency of taking action
 - Benefits of taking action
 - Consequence of inaction



Problem Identification

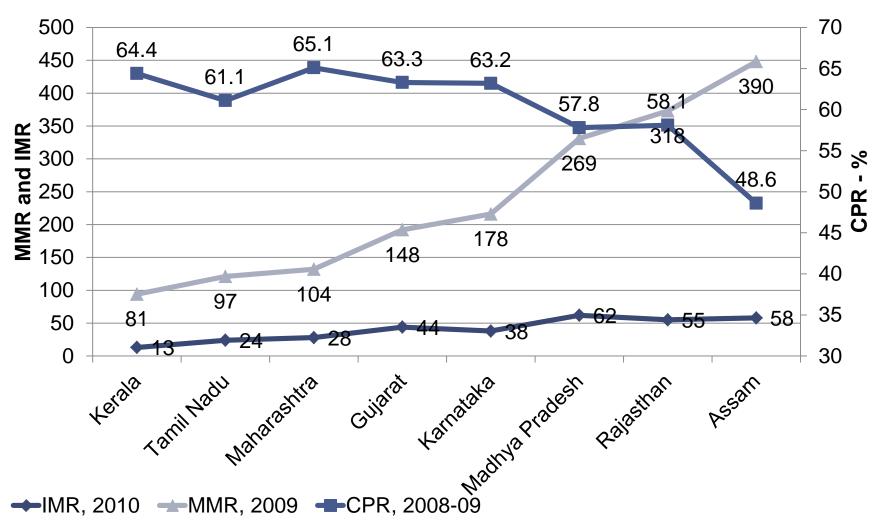
54 Million Live in Poverty in UP



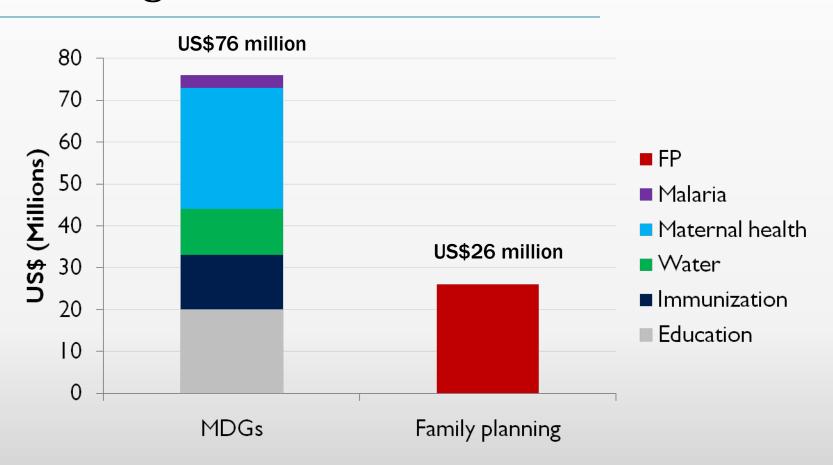


Family Planning Saves Lives

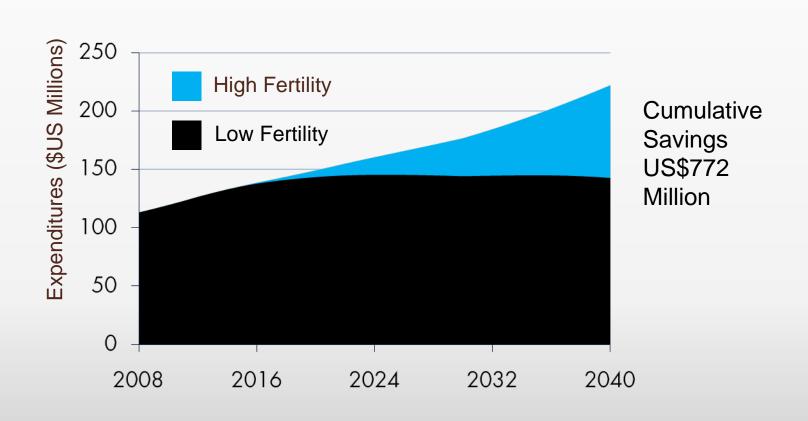
As Contraceptive Use Rises Maternal and Infant Deaths Decline



Achieving the MDGs will be easier if investments are made in FP in Madagascar



Primary education: Savings with slower population growth in Kenya



Policy Formulation

- Identify several feasible policy and program options that could address the problem
- Describe positive and negative effects of the options
- Describe the key elements, costeffectiveness, and experiences with different options
- Identify implementation considerations
- Describe the effects of appropriately targeted implementation studies



Goal Setting: Uttarakhand's Health and Population Policy

Characteristics	Fast	Medium (Proposed)	Slow
Year 2005-06			
-CPR*	55.5	55.5	55.5
–Prop of 3+ births	39.0	39.0	39.0
–TFR	2.55	2.55	2.55
Year 2012			
-CPR*	67.7	57.9	57.7
–Prop of 3+ births	33.3	36.3	37.5
–TFR	2.10	2.35	2.42
Year 2017			
-CPR*	70.6	67.7	60.5
–Prop of 3+ births	25.3	32.8	34.6
–TFR	1.97	2.10	2.26
Year 2020			
-CPR*	73.0	72.6	67.7
–Prop of 3+ births	22.8	23.5	32.6
-TFR	1.90	1.94	2.10

Policy Implementation

- Assess the extent and nature of policy implementation
- Identify facilitators for and barriers to policy implementation
- Increase access and delivery of new and improved tools, strategies and interventions
- Inspire dialogue and renewed commitment on the way forward

Service Delivery

Health Workforce

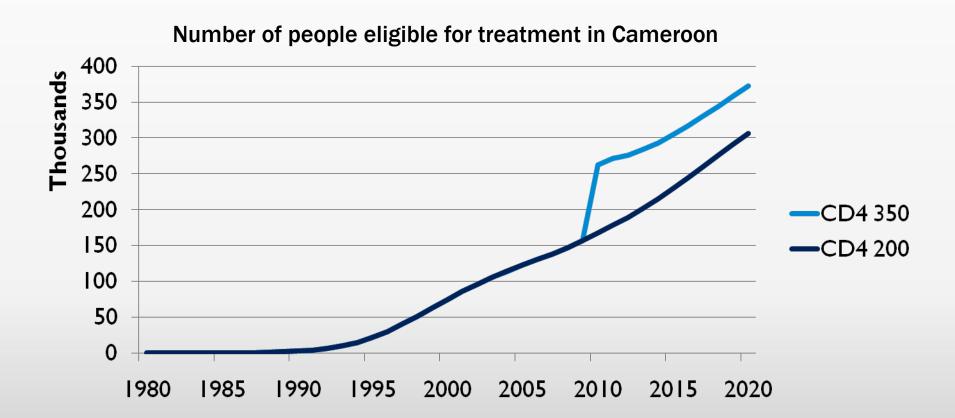
Information

Medical Products, Vaccines, Technologies

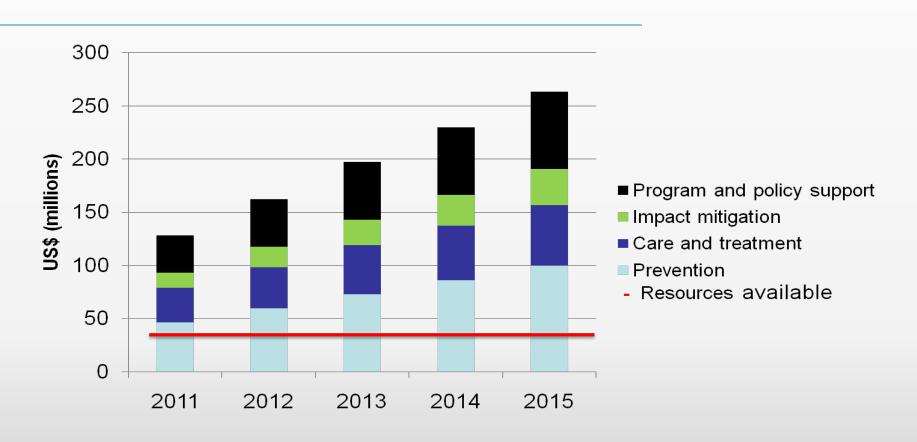
Financing

Leadership & Governance

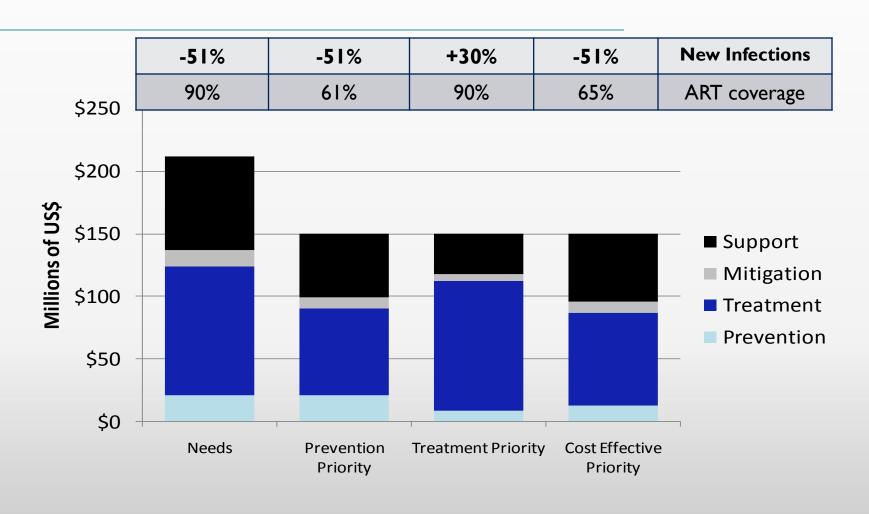
Cost implications of WHO ART guideline changes



Ghana faces a resource gap for HIV and AIDS



Prioritization for Partnership Framework and NSP in Lesotho



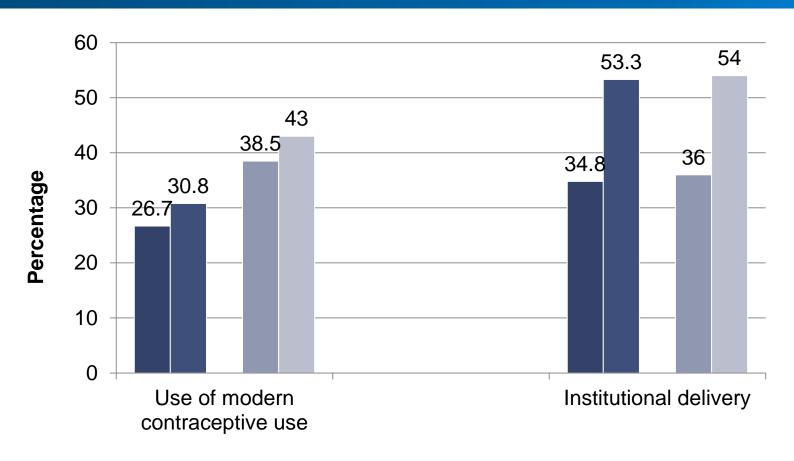
Policy Monitoring

- Outline systems to track service delivery and health outcomes
- Regularly evaluate performance to assess how implementation is going
- Inform mid-course corrections
- Ensure that stakeholders are accountable for achieving policy goals
- Measure impact and inform scale up



Photo by Dietmar Tem

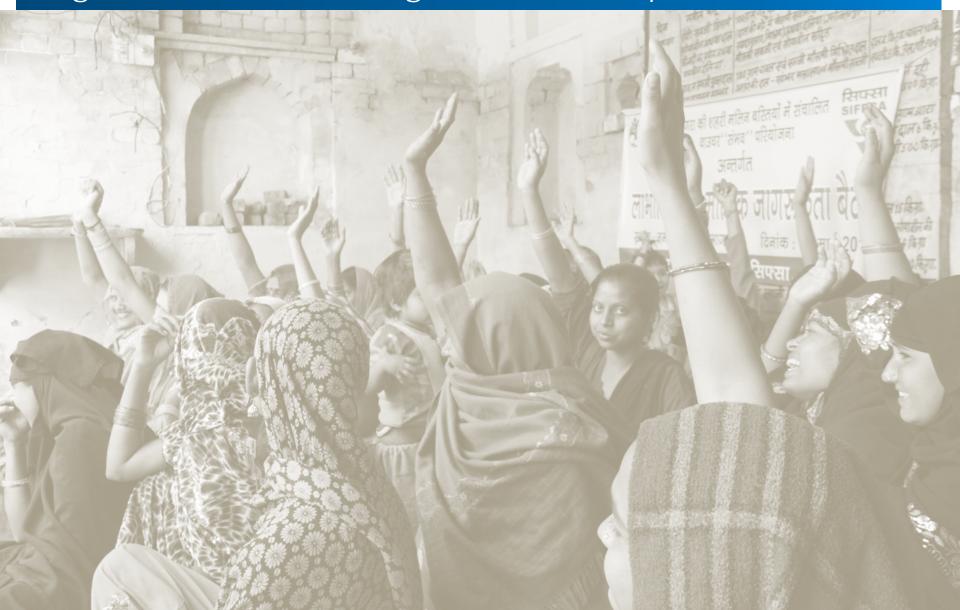
Service Uptake among Currently Married Women under Voucher System



- Agra (rural) Baseline, 2006
- Kanpur Nagar (slum) Baseline, 2006
- Agra (rural) Endline, 2009
- Kanpur Nagar (slum) Endline, 2011

Source: IFPS Technical Assistance Project (ITAP). 2012. Sambhav: Vouchers Make High-Quality Reproductive Health Services Possible for India's Poor. Gurgaon, Haryana: Futures Group, ITAP.

The right information in the right format in the right hands at the right time and place





Thank You

www.healthpolicyproject.com

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